## October 2024

# **EVERS©**URCE



This label is updated quarterly and provides you information about electricity you are buying.

For Residential and Small Commercial/Industrial customers, Basic Service pricing is fixed for six months February 1 to July 31 or August 1 to January 31. For Large Commercial/Industrial customers pricing is fixed for three months February 1 to April 30, May 1 to July 31, August 1 to October 31 or November 1 to January 31.

Please note, Basic Service prices are for the generation/electric supply portion of your bill and do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery.

#### Labor Information:

Percentage of electricity that came from power sources with union contracts with their employees:

Known Resources: 20.1%

System Power: 6.82%

#### Power Sources:

The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid and is generated by a variety of power plants throughout the region. When you choose a power supplier it is responsible for generating or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Please see the power sources chart on the reverse for more information.

# Basic Service Pricing

cents per kilowatt hour (kWh)

Month	Residential	Small Commercial & Industrial	Medium/Large Commercial & Industrial
Fixed	14.023	13.982	16.423
August	11.673	10.858	11.279
September	10.736	10.028	10.18
October	10.432	9.782	9.743
November	12.223	12.237	11.987
December	16.591	17.382	16.366
January	20.468	21.225	20.777

### **Emissions:**

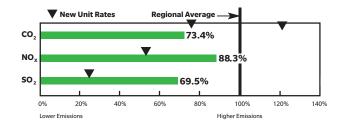
Emissions for each of the pollutants listed are represented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. Arrows in the illustration to the right represent the emission rate from a hypothetical new generation facility.

**Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)** is released when fossil fuels are burned. Carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas and a major contributor to global warming.

**Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)** form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog). They may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high exposure. It also contributes to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters, which is destructive to fish and other animal life.

**Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)** is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned – primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with Sulfur Dioxide include asthma, respiratory illness, and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. It combines with water and oxygen in the air to form acid rain – raising the acid level of lakes and streams and accelerating the decay of buildings and monuments.

### Air Emissions:



### Power Sources - 1/1/23 to 12/31/23

Power Source	Known Resources**	System Power	Total
Biomass (Wood & Plant Matter)	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%
Coal	0.00%	0.12%	0.12%
Hydro: Large (>30MW)	16.11%	0.06%	16.17%
Hydro: Small (<30MW)	3.53%	0.00%	3.53%
Imported Power	0.00%	6.40%	6.40%
Municipal Trash	2.05%	0.03%	2.08%
Natural Gas	4.68%	29.99%	34.67%
Nuclear	6.37%	0.00%	6.37%
Oil	0.00%	3.62%	3.62%
Other Renewable*	2.70%	2.08%	4.77%
Solar	6.62%	0.24%	6.86%
Wind	15.38%	0.01%	15.39%
Total	57.45%	42.55%	100.00%

<sup>\*</sup>Other Renewable includes fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas and ocean thermal.

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<sup>\*\*</sup>Known Resources include resources owned by or under contract to the supplier.

System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market.