

January 2024

EVERSOURCE



EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS

Energy Label

Your Energy Disclosure Label and Basic Service Prices

This label is updated quarterly and provides you information about electricity you are buying.

In 2024, for Residential and Small Commercial/Industrial customers, Basic Service pricing will be fixed from Jan. 1 to July 31 and then Aug. 1 to Jan. 31, 2025. For Large Commercial/Industrial customers pricing it will be fixed from Jan. 1 to April 30; May 1 to July 31; Aug. 1 to Oct. 31; and Nov. 1 to Jan. 31, 2025.

Please note, Basic Service prices are for the generation/electric supply portion of your bill and do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery.

Labor Information:

Percentage of electricity that came from power sources with union contracts with their employees:

Known Resources: 21.5%

System Power: 7.5%

Power Sources:

The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid and is generated by a variety of power plants throughout the region. When you choose a power supplier it is responsible for generating or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Please see the power sources chart on the reverse for more information.

Basic Service Pricing

cents per kilowatt hour (kWh)

Month	Residential	Small Commercial & Industrial	Large Commercial & Industrial (NEMA)	Large Commercial & Industrial (SEMA)
Fixed	17.251	17.587	19.098	22.594
January	25.050	26.197	23.732	26.829
February	24.163	26.052	22.722	26.745
March	15.115	15.072	14.909	18.351
April	12.619	12.078	12.271	15.689
May	11.286	10.670	–	–
June	12.915	12.773	–	–
July	14.809	14.734	–	–

Emissions:

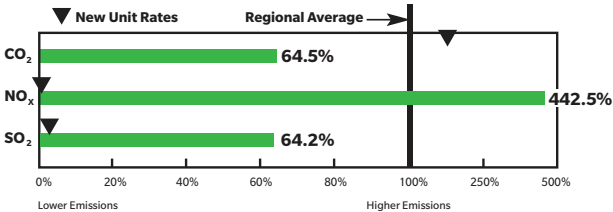
Emissions for each of the pollutants listed are represented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. Arrows in the illustration to the right represent the emission rate from a hypothetical new generation facility.

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) is released when fossil fuels are burned. Carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas and a major contributor to global warming.

Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog). They may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high exposure. It also contributes to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters, which is destructive to fish and other animal life.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned – primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with Sulfur Dioxide include asthma, respiratory illness, and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. It combines with water and oxygen in the air to form acid rain – raising the acid level of lakes and streams and accelerating the decay of buildings and monuments.

Air Emissions:



Power Sources - 4/1/22 to 3/31/23

Power Source	Known Resources**	System Power	Total
Biomass (Wood & Plant Matter)	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%
Coal	0.00%	0.12%	0.12%
Hydro: Large (>30MW)	21.66%	1.35%	23.01%
Hydro: Small (<30MW)	2.01%	0.00%	2.01%
Imported Power	0.00%	8.02%	8.02%
Municipal Trash	3.78%	0.03%	3.81%
Natural Gas	5.33%	30.20%	35.53%
Nuclear	0.00%	2.12%	2.12%
Oil	0.00%	3.91%	3.91%
Other Renewable*	0.96%	0.05%	1.01%
Solar	5.46%	0.21%	5.67%
Wind	14.77%	0.01%	14.78%
Total	53.97%	46.03%	100.00%

*Other Renewable includes fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas and ocean thermal.

**Known Resources include resources owned by or under contract to the supplier.
System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market.